

# IIBA

## Exam Questions CBAP

Certified business analysis professional (CBAP) application



#### NEW QUESTION 1

- (Topic 1)

The business analysis approach generally defines all of the following attributes except for which one?

- A. Deliverables
- B. Requirements for solutions acceptance
- C. Analysis technique
- D. Team roles

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 2

- (Topic 1)

Jane is the business analyst for her organization and she is completing passive observation to identify improvement opportunities in the workflow. She notices that some of the employees perform certain customer-facing activities in a different format than the other workers. Is this a problem that can be addressed as part of an improvement opportunity?

- A. It can be a problem as customers could become confused or frustrated because of the different approaches to the work
- B. It is not a problem unless there is a drop in sales so it should be left alone
- C. It can be a problem as the enterprise environmental factors always call for consistency in all processes
- D. It is not a problem unless the customer complains
- E. If Jane has not noticed the customers complaining then the process should be left alone

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 3

- (Topic 1)

Enterprise analysis creates just five outputs. Which one of the following is an output of the enterprise analysis tasks?

- A. Assumptions and constraints
- B. Stakeholder concerns
- C. Solution performance assessment
- D. Solution approach

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 4

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are working with Virginia on the allocation of requirements for a new solution. You have assigned Virginia the task of breaking down the solution scope into smaller components for allocation. What technique have you asked Virginia to complete in this scenario?

- A. Decision analysis
- B. Business rules analysis
- C. Process modeling
- D. Functional decomposition

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 5

- (Topic 1)

Which stakeholder must approve the business analysis approach to ensure that the business analysis approach is compatible with the other project activities?

- A. Project sponsor
- B. Project manager
- C. Project customer
- D. Change control board

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 6

- (Topic 1)

Sally is the business analyst for her organization. Sally and her business analysis team is currently using a business analysis approach to determine what the competition of her organization is offering prospective clients. She is trying to identify solutions to increase revenue by remaining competitive with the competition. What business analysis approach is Sally and her business analysis team using?

- A. Business rules analysis
- B. Functional decomposition
- C. Focus groups
- D. Benchmarking

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 7

- (Topic 1)

When can changes to requirements occur in a business analysis planning and monitoring assignment?

- A. Change to requirements can occur any time before the project scope statement is create
- B. Changes to requirements can occur at any tim
- C. Changes to requirements can occur any time after the project's change control system has been enacte
- D. Change to requirements can occur at any time before the key stakeholders approve the identified requirement

**Answer: B**

#### **NEW QUESTION 8**

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and have many solutions available to an identified problem. You would like a way to quickly and fairly determine which solution is the best choice for your organization. Which of the following approaches would allow you to determine the top-rated solutions for your organization? Question No : 35 - (Topic 1) IIBA CBAP : Practice Test

- A. Scoring system
- B. Acceptance and evaluation criteria
- C. Vendor assessment
- D. Voting system

**Answer: A**

#### **NEW QUESTION 9**

- (Topic 1)

Management has asked you, a business analyst for your organization, to create the solution scope for an identified problem. In order to complete this task you'll need three elements. All of the following are elements you'll need in order to write the solution scope except for which one?

- A. Work breakdown structure
- B. Implementation approach
- C. Solution scope definition
- D. Dependencies

**Answer: A**

#### **NEW QUESTION 10**

- (Topic 1)

You are working with several business analysts to determine the solution approach for an identified problem. All of the following techniques are acceptable for identifying the solution approach except for which one?

- A. Benchmarking
- B. Decision analysis
- C. Risk analysis
- D. Brainstorming

**Answer: C**

#### **NEW QUESTION 10**

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for a smaller project where there are few requirements. Management would still like you to create a method to trace the few requirements for this project. What type of matrix would be best in this instance?

- A. Roles and responsibility matrix
- B. RACI matrix
- C. Coverage matrix
- D. Requirements trace matrix

**Answer: C**

#### **NEW QUESTION 14**

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. Management has asked that you create a stakeholder map as part of the conduct stakeholder analysis process. What is a stakeholder map?

- A. A stakeholder map is a visual diagram that shows the connection among positive and negative stakeholder
- B. A stakeholder map is a visual diagram that illustrates where the stakeholders are geographically locate
- C. A stakeholder map is a visual diagram that depicts the stakeholders' actions as responsible, accountable consult, and infor
- D. A stakeholder map is a visual diagram that depicts the relationship of the stakeholders to the solution and to one anothe

**Answer: D**

#### **NEW QUESTION 15**

- (Topic 1)

Paul is the business analyst for his organization. He is examining a single solution to determine if the solution he and his team have identified carries enough business value to justify its implementation. What business analysis process is Paul performing in this scenario?

- A. Assess organizational readiness
- B. Define transition requirements
- C. Allocate requirements
- D. Assess proposed solution

Answer: D

**NEW QUESTION 17**

- (Topic 1)

Which one of the following is an example of a non-negotiable demand by a stakeholder during the requirements prioritization session?

- A. All requirements are ranked as high
- B. Communication
- C. All requirements are prioritized by cost-benefits ratio
- D. Cost

Answer: A

**NEW QUESTION 18**

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for a large project for your organization. Your project has 65 stakeholders and this will greatly increase the complexity of the communication in this project. To demonstrate how complex this project and its communication will be, you show the management the number of communication channels in this project. How many channels exist in this project based on the number of stakeholders?

- A. 2080
- B. 4160
- C. 4225
- D. 65

Answer: A

**NEW QUESTION 20**

- (Topic 1)

What element of the plan business analysis process affects the business analysis duties that need to be performed?

- A. The experience of the business analyst
- B. The experience of the project manager
- C. The expected completion date of the business analysis duties
- D. The type of project or initiative

Answer: D

**NEW QUESTION 22**

- (Topic 1)

Your organization completes software development for other companies as its core business.

Management would like to streamline the requirements gathering processes as many of the projects your company do are similar in nature. What approach could you as a business analyst do to help streamline the requirements gathering process for your organization?

- A. Implement a requirements re-use repository
- B. Implement project template
- C. Implement a requirements gathering form
- D. Implement scope solution models

Answer: A

**NEW QUESTION 25**

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. Management realizes that a proposed solution has risks that may cause the entire project to fail. They would like you to prioritize the requirements with maximum risks first so that if the project fails, there is little loss of capital in the project implementation. What requirements prioritization approach is management asking you to create in this instance?

- A. Implementation difficulty
- B. Business or technical risk
- C. Likelihood of success
- D. Relationship to other requirements

Answer: B

**NEW QUESTION 27**

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for the TGH Organization and are determining if you should buy or build a solution for your company. You have determined that you can create the in-house solution for \$78,000 with a monthly support cost of \$8,765. A vendor can create the solution for \$61,000 with a monthly support costs of \$7,990. How long will it take your company to break even if you choose the internal solution versus the vendor's solution?

- A. 36 months
- B. 12 months
- C. 6 months
- D. 22 months

Answer: D

**NEW QUESTION 32**

- (Topic 1)

Your organization uses the MoSCoW approach to requirements prioritization. What does MoSCoW mean?

- A. Must, Should, Could, Would
- B. Must, Should, Could, Won't
- C. Mission, Schedule, Cost, Willingness
- D. Must not, Should not, Could not, Will not

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 34**

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are beginning the requirements analysis processes. Which one of the following statements best describes the requirements analysis processes?

- A. It ensures that analysis and implementation efforts focus on the most critical requirements .
- B. It covers the definition of stakeholder requirements, which describe what a solution must be capable of doing
- C. It defines all of the work, and only the required work, to complete the project objective
- D. It is conformity to requirements and a fitness for use

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 38**

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for the YGT Organization. You have just completed a capabilities gap assessment and have determined that your organization does not have the necessary resources and technology to seize a business opportunity. What is the most likely course of action for the organization?

- A. Hire additional resource
- B. Launch a new project
- C. Hire contractors to complete the project work
- D. Move onto the next opportunity

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 41**

- (Topic 1)

Your organization is trying to determine which one of two opportunities they will pursue. The Project A is worth \$235,987 and Project B is worth \$567,000 but carries significant risk. The organization elects to pursue Project B and not Project A. What is the opportunity cost in this scenario?

- A. \$331,013
- B. There is not enough information to know as the risk for Project B has not been quantified
- C. \$235,987
- D. \$567,000

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 44**

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and you are preparing the business case for a proposed solution. You need to include the management horizon in your business case. What is the management horizon?

- A. It is the expected deliverables that will be beneficial for the organization
- B. It is the point in time when the solution will be complete
- C. It is the duration of each phase of the project until the solution earns a profit
- D. It is the point in time for the solution to break even on cost and begin earning a profit

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 46**

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are preparing to complete the allocate requirements process. This process assigns stakeholder and solution requirements to solution components and to releases. One of the elements of this process is solution components. All of the following are solution components except for which one?

- A. Assessment of proposed solution
- B. Business processes to be performed and managed
- C. Business policies and business rules
- D. Software applications and application components used in the solution

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 47**

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for a large project in your organization. While your company prefers face-to-face communications there are many stakeholders located in different geographical locations. How can you still effectively serve as a business analyst when the stakeholders are not collocated?

- A. You will need to travel on a regular rotation to each of the geographical locations to complete the business analyst duties
- B. You will need to implement videoconference
- C. Add more business analysts in each of the geographical locations
- D. You will need the stakeholders to periodically gather in one local

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 51

- (Topic 1)

Ned is the business analyst for the NHQ Company. He is working with Stan on completing the requirements prioritization of all the identified requirements. Why would Stan and Ned complete requirements prioritization?

- A. To determine which requirements should be completed first
- B. To determine which requirements should not be completed at all
- C. To determine which requirements carry the most risk
- D. To determine who created what requirement based on their position in the organization

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 52

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are coaching Roberta on how business analysis works. Roberta is confused about what a business analysis methodology is during the business analysis planning and monitoring phase of the business analysis duties. What is a methodology?

- A. A methodology is an approach that the business analyst believes will work but it has not been proven to work yet in the business analysis domain
- B. A methodology is a short term endeavor to create a unique product or service
- C. A methodology is a formalized plan that describes how the business analyst will complete the elicitation of requirements
- D. A methodology is a formalized and repeatable business analysis approach

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 54

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization. You are currently working with Susan on creating a model as part of the specify and model requirements process. Susan doesn't understand why you need a model. You explain to Susan that a model is just a simplified representation of a complex reality that is useful for understanding that reality and making decisions regarding it. In fact, you tell Susan, a model can do all of the following except one option. Choose the option that a model cannot do?

- A. Define the resources that will be needed on the project team
- B. Define boundaries for the business domain
- C. Describe a situation or problem
- D. Describe thought processes and action flows

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 55

- (Topic 2)

Management would like you to front-load the requirements with the most risk requirements. Why would management prefer the risky requirements first in the prioritization?

- A. So if the risk comes true the project will fail with little investment in the work
- B. So if the risk comes true then the project manager can mitigate the risk even
- C. So if the risk comes true they'll receive the reward as soon as possible
- D. So if the risk comes true then there's ample time to correct the problem

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 56

- (Topic 2)

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- B. A methodology is a short term endeavor to create a unique product or service
- C. A methodology is a formalized and repeatable business analysis approach
- D. A methodology is a formalized plan that describes how the business analyst will complete the elicitation of requirements

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 61

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization. You have identified the costs and level of effort needed for each of the solution components. Management has asked that you also assess the most effective tradeoffs between delivery options. You consider the available resources and the constraints on the solution to determine if an additional investment is justified to realize a higher value for the solution. What other consideration could you include in your assessment of the solution?

- A. Historical information

- B. Dependencies between requirements
- C. Experience of the implementation team
- D. Enterprise environmental factors

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 62**

- (Topic 2)

Mark is the business analyst for his organization. He is working with the solution development team and he believes that the team does not want to implement a certain portion of the requirements. The team is expressing the difficulty of the requirements and how it will be extremely challenging to complete. When Mark asks about a similar project that the team completed, they insist that this is a different type of requirements though Mark believes that it is not. What is the solution development team appearing to do to the requirements?

- A. Change the prioritization of the requirements based on the past project
- B. Change the prioritization of the requirements based on overstated complexity of the project work
- C. Get the requirements removed from the project scope
- D. Have the business analyst report the difficulty of the project work to the project customer

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 63**

- (Topic 2)

Jenni is the business analyst for the UHQ Organization. She is preparing to complete the conduct elicitation activity for her organization. Jenni can use all of the following techniques as part of this activity except for which one?

- A. Requirements workshops
- B. Document analysis
- C. Interviews
- D. Problem tracking

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 67**

- (Topic 2)

Enterprise analysis provides many things for an organization. All of the following are tasks included in enterprise analysis except for which one?

- A. Determine solution approach
- B. Define business need
- C. Assess capability gaps
- D. Solution performance assessment

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 70**

- (Topic 2)

You have completed the requirements documentation and the stakeholders have signed off on the requirements. Now the requirements are advancing into a project as your organization has chartered a project based on the identified requirements. What stakeholder is now responsible for assessing the solution scope to determine the project scope?

- A. Project sponsor
- B. Project manager
- C. Business analyst
- D. Key stakeholders

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 73**

- (Topic 2)

What two factors must the business analyst consider when conducting stakeholder analysis?

- A. Influence and attitude
- B. Position and politics
- C. Politics and influence
- D. Attitude and position

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 76**

- (Topic 2)

Henry is the business analyst for his organization and is completing the conduct elicitation activity. Part of this activity is to record the results of the requirements elicitation process. All of the following are acceptable elements for requirements documentation except for which one?

- A. Text message sent via a secured mobile phone
- B. Written documents describing the outcomes
- C. Visual or audio recordings
- D. Whiteboards

Answer: A

**NEW QUESTION 79**

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are about to conduct requirements elicitation for a process to streamline the customer fulfillment system your organization uses. You need to understand how the people, processes, and technology within the customer fulfillment system operates before you begin the elicitation process. What type of analytical thinking are you participating in this scenario?

- A. Problem solving
- B. Creative thinking
- C. Brainstorming
- D. System thinking

Answer: D

**NEW QUESTION 82**

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are working with Sally, a project manager, for your organization. You and Sally are determining the cost of the labor, materials, equipment, and facilities in order to achieve the different solutions that have been proposed for an identified problem. What is this process called?

- A. Cost budgeting
- B. Expert judgment
- C. Rough order of magnitude cost estimating
- D. Scoping the project costs

Answer: C

**NEW QUESTION 83**

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for the NHQ Organization. Management has asked that you examine the workflow and internal processes for order fulfillment. Specifically they'd like you to complete an in-depth analysis and documentation of the business problems and opportunities that may be exist for the organization. What business analysis knowledge area does this activity map to?

- A. Requirements elicitation
- B. Solution assessment and validation
- C. Enterprise analysis
- D. Requirements management and communication

Answer: C

**NEW QUESTION 88**

- (Topic 2)

You have identified several problems that you need to track as the business analysis duties progress. You want to make certain that the identified activities are resolved. What document elicitation technique can help in this scenario?

- A. Brainstorming
- B. Observation
- C. Interviews
- D. Problem tracking

Answer: D

**NEW QUESTION 93**

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are preparing for the conduct elicitation activities. You'll have six inputs as you prepare for this activity. Which one of the following is not a valid input for the requirements elicitation activity?

- A. Requirements management plan
- B. Documented elicitation results
- C. Solution scope
- D. Business need

Answer: B

**NEW QUESTION 97**

- (Topic 2)

Herb is the business analyst for the HYY Organization. As Herb is completing the organize requirements process he recognizes that requirements typically need to answer one question for identification. What is the one interrogative that requirements should answer?

- A. What
- B. When
- C. Why
- D. How

Answer: A

#### NEW QUESTION 100

- (Topic 2)

What business analysis plan defines the process to be followed in managing the solution scope and requirements?

- A. Requirements management plan
- B. Scope management plan
- C. Change management plan
- D. Project management plan

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 103

- (Topic 2)

You are coaching Marcy, a new business analyst for your organization, on business analysis processes. Marcy is concerned about the define solution scope process, especially the implementation approach element. Which of the following statements best defines the implementation approach element for Marcy?

- A. The implementation approach describes how the chosen solution approach will deliver the solution scope
- B. The implementation approach defines major business and technical dependencies that impose constraints to the effort to deploy the solution
- C. The implementation approach is described in terms of the major features and functions that are to be included
- D. The implementation approach describes the new capabilities required to meet the business need

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 106

- (Topic 2)

There are four inputs to the plan business analysis activities. Which one of the following is not an input to the plan business analysis activities process?

- A. List of identified risks
- B. Organizational process assets
- C. Business analysis approach
- D. Stakeholder list, roles, and responsibilities

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 109

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are planning the business analysis approach. One of the techniques you are considering for this undertaking is to rate the available methodologies against the organizational needs and objectives. Which of the following terms describes the business analysis technique that you are currently considering in this scenario?

- A. Structured walkthrough
- B. Decision analysis
- C. Cause-and-effect analysis
- D. Process modeling

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 110

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for a large project that will create new software for the entire organization. This new software will affect all of the administrative assistants in the organization schedule meetings, reserve facilities, and share calendars. There are approximately 2,400 administrative assistants in your organization and not all of these people can attend requirements gathering workshops. What approach can you use to manage and gather requirements from these 2,400 administrative assistants?

- A. You can meet with a small group of administrative assistants and assume their requirements are reflective of the remaining group of administrative assistants
- B. You will need to meet with all of the administrative assistants as part of requirements elicitation
- C. You can meet with a small group of administrative assistants that will serve as representatives for the remaining administrative assistants
- D. You can meet with the administrative assistants' manager

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 114

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are working on a solution that will connect several databases to a web application. You are concerned that the databases may not be operable with the software solution a programmer is recommending. What requirements elicitation technique can help you determine the interoperability of the software, the databases, and the web application?

- A. Benchmarking
- B. Interviews
- C. Interface analysis
- D. Usage considerations

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 119

- (Topic 2)

Holly is the business analyst for her organization. Management has asked Holly to create a document that will define solution alternatives and how each identified

solution may provide an expected business benefit to meet the identified business need. Management has asked Holly to provide data and statistics in this document to support her claims and findings. What type of document is management asking Holly to create?

- A. Feasibility study
- B. Vision statement
- C. Project scope statement
- D. Current state assessment

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 123**

- (Topic 2)

Gina has been asked to provide decision analysis for her solution scope. Which one of the following best describes the decision analysis technique?

- A. Assessed to support benefit management, measurement, and reporting
- B. Used to assess potential risks that may impact the solution and the cost and benefits associated with it
- C. Forecasts the size of the investment required to deploy and operate the proposed solution
- D. Cost-benefit analysis compares the cost of implementing a solution against the benefits gained
- E. Financial analysis includes the use of financial models that estimate the market value of an organizational asset

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 128**

- (Topic 2)

What type of requirements elicitation technique is the Delphi Technique?

- A. Survey
- B. Workshop
- C. Round table
- D. Prototyping

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 129**

- (Topic 2)

Which solution scope technique can help the business analyst understand the scope of the work by breaking down the scope into smaller work products?

- A. Interface analysis
- B. User stories
- C. Functional decomposition
- D. Scope modeling

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 132**

- (Topic 2)

Which one of the following is the most accurate definition of the solution scope?

- A. Defines what must be delivered in order to meet the business need
- B. Determines the things that are believed to be true in the solution but they have not yet been proven to be true
- C. Determines if an organization can justify the investment required to deliver the proposed solution
- D. Defines the business need, identified key stakeholders, describes the positive impact of the solution

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 137**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following chart shows the correlation between project team members and the work they've been assigned to complete?

- A. Pie chart
- B. Responsibility Assignment Matrix (RAM) chart
- C. Gantt chart
- D. RACI chart

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 138**

- (Topic 3)

As a milestone is reached, the project is funded for enough capital to reach the next milestone. This approach is called \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Step funding
- B. Phase funding
- C. Stakeholders funding
- D. Milestone funding

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 141**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following establishes organizational checks and balances with a proper segregation of front, back, and middle office functions for effective risk management?

- A. Risk response plan
- B. Risk analysis
- C. Risk management plan
- D. Risk governance

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 145**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following inputs of Monitor and Control Risks acquires information from performance measurements and evaluates it to provide variance analysis and forecasting?

- A. Risk register
- B. Work performance information
- C. Performance report
- D. Project management plan

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 147**

- (Topic 3)

All of the following are examples of transference risk response except for which one?

- A. Warranties
- B. Performance bonds
- C. Life cycle costing
- D. Use of insurance

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 148**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following graphical presentations of a project plan is most appropriate for presenting to upper management?

- A. Pie chart
- B. Pareto Chart
- C. Critical Path Method
- D. Scatter chart

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 151**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following processes is used to make certain that the project team members are completing the project work according to the project plan?

- A. Project time management
- B. Project scope management
- C. Quality management plan
- D. Quality control

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 152**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following can be an effective tool during quality control to help determine the how the problem occurred?

- A. Rework
- B. Trend Analysis
- C. Flowcharting
- D. Pareto Diagram

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 157**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following roles approves the project scope statement, phase gate reviews, solution validations, scope changes, and project success criteria?

- A. Project manager
- B. Subject matter expert
- C. Solution owner
- D. Stakeholder

Answer: C

**NEW QUESTION 162**

- (Topic 3)

You are currently working on creating the activity list for an initiative in your organization. What characteristic must be assigned to each task in your task list?

- A. Risk level
- B. Unique number
- C. Procurement needs
- D. Roles and responsibilities

Answer: B

**NEW QUESTION 164**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following roles approves the project scope statement, phase gate reviews, solution validations, scope changes, and project success criteria?

- A. Project manager
- B. Subject matter expert
- C. Solution owner
- D. Stakeholder

Answer: C

**NEW QUESTION 165**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following techniques is used to divide a project into controllable parts?

- A. Gantt Chart
- B. Pareto Chart
- C. WBS
- D. CPM

Answer: C

**NEW QUESTION 166**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following component of the communication model is responsible for transferring the message between two or more entities?

- A. Sender
- B. Medium
- C. Decoder
- D. Receiver

Answer: B

**NEW QUESTION 168**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following processes measures the maturity level of the security program?

- A. Risk analysis
- B. Risk mitigation
- C. Risk assessment
- D. GAP analysis

Answer: D

**NEW QUESTION 169**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following meeting brings all of the potential vendors together to discuss the statement of work and the request for proposal?

- A. Contract bidding meeting
- B. Status meeting
- C. Qualified vendors meeting
- D. Bidders conference

Answer: D

**NEW QUESTION 173**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is NOT a component of flowchart?

- A. Forks
- B. Attributes
- C. Activities

D. Joins

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 175**

- (Topic 3)

When does the lessons learned document is updated?

- A. At planning phase.
- B. At execution phase.
- C. At closing phase.
- D. Throughout the project lifecycle.

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 177**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following charts is important to ensure that the roles and responsibilities of those involved in a task are tracked?

- A. Pie chart
- B. Line chart
- C. RACI chart
- D. Gantt chart

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 179**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a table of all stakeholders showing the mapping of which stakeholders will contribute information to other stakeholders?

- A. RACI Chart
- B. Communications Requirements Matrix
- C. Project scope statement
- D. Organizational Breakdown Structure

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 181**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following captures all of the activities within a business, the inputs and outputs of each activity, and the required resources to complete each activity?

- A. Business scenario
- B. Business process model
- C. Business architecture
- D. Business case

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 184**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is not a hygiene agent according to Frederick Herzberg theory?

- A. The chance to excel
- B. Job security
- C. A paycheck
- D. Clean and safe working conditions

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 187**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following authorizes the project to exist within the organization?

- A. Project charter
- B. Project network diagram
- C. Project integration management
- D. Project boundaries

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 188**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following techniques involves attempting to make and numerically determine the probability of various adverse events and measuring the likely extent of the losses?

- A. Risk analysis
- B. Qualitative risk analysis
- C. Risk assessment
- D. Quantitative risk analysis

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 189**

- (Topic 3)

\_\_\_\_\_ are timeless events that show progress in the project. These are typically achieved at the end of phase in the project lifecycle.

- A. Achievements
- B. Millstones
- C. Phases
- D. Templates

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 194**

- (Topic 3)

Which one of the following diagrams when properly laid out is always laid in a left to right display to properly reflect the chronology of all project work?

- A. Influence diagram
- B. Project schedule network diagram
- C. Arrow diagramming method
- D. Time-scaled schedule network diagram

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 198**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following stages of a project defines the number of risks and opportunities, including intense planning and anticipation of risk events?

- A. Planning
- B. Executing
- C. Initiation
- D. Closing

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 200**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a quality control chart to track trends in project execution?

- A. Control chart
- B. RACI chart
- C. PERT chart
- D. Pareto chart

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 203**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following can be used in root cause analysis?

- A. Pareto chart
- B. Data-flow diagram
- C. Gantt chart
- D. Fishbone diagram

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 205**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following requires that all parties in the conflict must give up something?

- A. Barrier
- B. Problem solving
- C. Withdrawal
- D. Compromising

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 210**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following processes can start with the source of problems or with the problem itself?

- A. Risk estimation
- B. Risk analysis
- C. Risk management
- D. Risk identification

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 211**

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a process of adding labor to a project to reduce the project duration?

- A. Forming
- B. Storming
- C. Rolling wave planning
- D. Crashing

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 214**

- (Topic 3)

All of the following stakeholders participate in the prioritization of requirements except for which one?

- A. Project manager
- B. Implementation subject matter expert
- C. Domain subject matter expert
- D. Project team

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 216**

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